No Feeling About It, Simply an Irreconcitable Difference of Opinion-Trust Companies' Strongest Argument the Danger of Tying Up More Cash.

The conference which was held yesterday between committees representing the State Banking Association and the Trust Company Association to agree on a compromise bill to be introduced in the Legislature requiring trust companies to maintain a fixed cash reserve failed to reach an agreement. No further conferences will be called, as there appears to be no common ground on which the committees can reach an agreement. One of the bankers said last night that the feeling between the banks and trust companies as shown at the conference was of the best, but that the differences on the question of trust company reserves were irreconcilable.

Besides the committees representing the two associations there were present at the confer ence the chairmen of the Senate and conference the chairmen of the Senate and Assembly committees on Banking—Frederick C. Stevens and J. Mayhew Wainwright, respectively. After the conference it was stated that the matter of introducing a bill would be left in the hands of the two

a bill would be left in the hands of the two legislators to do as they saw fit.
Some time ago the State Banking Association introduced a bill requiring trust companies in this city to maintain a cash reserve of 15 per cent of deposits, one-lalf in vault and one-half on deposit in banks. The Trust Companies Association opposed this bill at Albany and after a long debate before the banking committees the two before the banking committees the two associations agreed to have a conference and attempt to reach a compromise. Now that the conference has failed the situation exactly as it was before the bill was

introduced.
Some bankers believe that no action will be taken at this session of the Legislature largely because of the argument brought forward by the trust companies that if they are required to keep a reserve such as the bankers urge about \$75,000,000 in cash will be taken out of circulation. This action, they say, would be dangerous at the present time when another money stringency is feared.

One of the bankers who has been most zealous in the aritation for trust company

One of the bankers who has been most zealous in the agitation for trust company reserves said last night that the bankers were quite willing to approve a bill which does not go into effect for a year or even a year and a half, in order that there might be no danger of precipitating a money stringency by withdrawing such a large sum from circulation.

He admitted, however, that the dread of tight money resulting from the tring up

tight money resulting from the tying up of trust company cash had proved a power-ful argument against the agitation for a The conference yesterday was held at the Metropolitan Club. The bank's delega-tion was headed by President Alfred H. Curtis of the National Bank of North Amer-ica, and John E. Borne, president of the Colonial Trust Company, led the trust company men.

DAILY TREASURY STATEMENT.

Washington, Feb. 17.—The statement of receipts and expenditures of the Treasury snows: This Day. This Month. Fiscal Year. \$1,837,522 \$39,221,403 \$377,870,245 2,020,000 29,129,000 \$80,151,570 \$182,478 Sur.1,092,408 Def.\$2,281.827

The receipts from customs to-day were \$921,024; from internal revenue. \$759,196 and inscellaneous \$157,302. National bank notes received for redemption. \$804,798.

The cash statement of the United States Treasurer for February 17 shows: RESERVE PUND Gold coin and bullion ..

TRUST PUNDS.

GENERAL FUND.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

MINIATURE ALMANAC THIS DAY HIGH WATER THIS DAY. Sandy Hook .. 2 57 Gov. Island . . 3:23 Hell Gate. .. 5:22 Arrived - SATURDAY, Feb. 17.

Arrived - Saturdar, Feb. 19
Ss Maria, Trieste, Jan. 10.
Ss Idaho, Huil, Jan. 27.
Ss Bangor, Liverpool, Jan. 19.
Ss Amanonga, Chittarong, Jan. 2.
Ss Seguranca, Vera Cruz, Feb. 3.
Ss Camoens, Santos, Jan. 28.
Ss Horda, Cardenas, Feb. 2.
Ss Hilonian, Newport News, Feb. 16.
Ss Alamo, Galveston, Feb. 10.
Ss Comanche, Jacksonville.
Ss Princess Anne. Norfolk, Feb. 16.
Ss Kansas City, Savannah, Feb. 14.
Ss Benefactor, Philadelphia, Feb. 16.
Ss H. F. Dimock, Boston, Feb. 16. ARRIVED OUT.

Ss Patricia, from New York at Hamburg. Ss La Gascogne, from New York at Havre. Ss Noordam, from New York at Foulogne. Ss Carmania, from New York at Queenstown.

SAILED FROM FORFIGN PORTS.

New York, from Southampton for New York.
Campania, from Liverpool for New York.
Finland, from Anwerp for New York.
Astoria, from Glasgow for New York.
Le Touraine, from Havre for New York.
Pennsylvania, from Hamburg for New York.
Rotterdam, from Rotterdam for New York. OUTGOING STEAMSHIPS.

Princess Anne, Norfolk ... Sail To-morrow. Monroe, Norfolk Sail Tuesday, Feb. 20.

Majestie, Liverpool. 6 30 A M Statendam, Rotterdam 7 30 A M Madonna, Naples. City of Washington, Tam-pleo. 12 00 M Vaidivia, Hayti. 9 30 A M Grenada, Hayti. 9 30 A M
Grenada, Trinidad 10 00 A M
Seguranca, Havana 12 00 M
Cubana, Matanzas 12 00 M
Korona, St. Thomas 12 30 P M
Grecian Prince, Macelo 200 P M
Jamestown. Norfolk.
Comus. New Orleans.
Iroquols, Charleston.
Alamo, Galveston. INCOMING STEAMSHIPS

Galveston ... Nassau Porto Rico ... Hamburg ... Antwerp ... Rotterdam . ew Orleans. Due Tuesday, Feb. 20. Hellig Olav . Furnessia. Earl of Douglas El Siglo. Magdalena.... Proteus Due Wednesday, Feb. 21. Liverpool Liverpool Gibraltar Naples Bremen Gibraltar Carpathia.

By Marconi Wireless. as La Bretagne, for New York, 650 miles east of cardy Hook at 1 P. M. yesterday.

Due Thuriday, Feb. 22.
St. Lucia....
Galveston...

GOSSIP OF WALL STREET.

They were gloomy crowds that surrounded the tickers or watched the quotation boards yesterday in the brokers' offices. There were many faces that had not been seen there since the first or second week of the year, when they beamed with hopeful anticipation of profits to be made on stocks just bought on "information that has never been wrong." Efforts were made to bear the change of fortune with a smile and in silence—a laugh would have been as much out of place as in Westminster Abbey-and quietly one after another dropped away to give his order to "sell at the market." This was what in Wall Street parlance was known as "hay-seed selling," but there was another kind, the scource of which was not so easy to find, and which furnished heavy blocks of stock, such as those seen in Union Pacific, Amalgamated Copper. United States Steel and many looked so much like "rich men's liquidation" that professionals thought rallies would not be long lived and sold stock in the belief that whenever prices were put up against the short interest the higher level would be availed of to flood the market again with selling orders. In a few places a somewhat more hopeful view was expressed, but in most quarters bearishness reigned supreme.

"Unless all procedents fail," said an active trader, "a rally should soon be in order, since, assuming that large interests are selling stocks, they want to do so as high rather than as low as possible and will therefore probably utilize the short interest to make a higher level on which to sell."

While the bank statement did not show such a large reduction in surplus reserve as had been expected, it was so colorless that had practically no effect on the course of trading. The general opinion was that he money situation would continue for the present to dominate the market, in spite ter, and as one trader expressed it: "While of tight money is sufficient to nullify the entire

The very heavy selling of Union Pacific in the first hour was naturally the object of a great amount of attention, as of course no ordinary speculators or traders could have held so large blocks of this high priced stock as were thrown upon the market. In some quarters the selling was regarded as realizing by First National Bank interests which had been heavy buyers in the fall, when stock was picked up in quantity at prices which probably did not average much above \$130 a share. It was argued that realizing by these interests began when the stock reached 160 and that even if completion of this operation should have to be effected at the present or lower figures the average would still be such as to leave a very handsome profit. In the second hour there was a diminution in the selling pressure and the support seemed to be better than that which was met with earlier in the day.

While not officially announced, Union Pacific's plans to enter Seattle and prac-tically to rebuild the Oregon Short Line were sufficiently understood to furnish the basis for an argument that the banking interests associated with this property saw no reason to restrict expenditures.

The purpose of Union Pacific to invade Hill territory was said to have brought sell-ing of Union Pacific stock from Great Northern interests, but those who should be well informed strongly asserted that relations were friendly and that so natural a develop-ment as an "invasion" of Seattle would not be regarded by the Hill people as an act of aggression.

It was reported that James J. Hill would leave town on Tuesday after having com-pleted final details of the ore deal and that an announcement of the terms would be made at that time. The best obtainable information was that the matter would be arranged on the basis of a present price for the ore, but that instead of the Steel Corporation paying that price in a lump sum it would merely pay interest at the low rate of 8.45 per cent, and pay the cost of the ore year by year on the basis of \$1.65 a ton, covering royalty and freight to the head of the Lakes. Some speculative interests thought that the Steel Corporation should not incur so heavy a present obligation for the sake of future benefit, but in conservative quarters the opinion was, that the terms would be considered very moderate within to be considered.

If in some places the \$1.65 a ton which the Steel Corporation is to pay in royalty and freight on the Great Northern ore was con sidered high, it was pointed out that the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company pays \$2 a ton under a contract covering a daily output of 1,000 tons. That the latter company did not think this price too high was shown by the fact that it had entered into negotiations some time ago with a view to having its quantity of ore doubled on the same terms. Mr. Hill thought of those terms as applied to present conditions was proved by the fact that he had refused to consider the application for an increase in the supply.

Although called upon to withstand tre-mendous selling pressure, Amalgamated Copper seemed to meet with very good support around 110, but in spite of this there was little abatement of the supply of stock thrown upon the market. That a good deal of the selling was for short account was believed by many close observers, and judging by the comment on the action of the stock there were a great many who took it for granted that the leading interests in the property were pursuing the policy which they followed on the last decline policy which they followed on the last decline in the market, of holding Amalgamated up in the earlier stages of the break and then allowing it to drop down very sharply at the time other stocks had about reached their lowest levels. On that occasion the result was the creation of a good sized short interest which proved a useful instrument in the succeeding advance, and some of the traders thought similar tactics would again be

One of the day's stories was that, having practically secured the Great Northern ore, the Steel Corporation would now enter into negotiations with a view to securing the ore holdings of Tennessee Coal and Iron. This report, however, was not treated very seri-

Some London buying orders were noted in Erie, but these were not sufficient to offset the effect of liquidation, and the stock throughout the day was one of the weakest of railroad issues. This was the more remarkable in view of the fact that in proportion to its price the stock had already suffered a heavier This was the more remarkable in decline from the high level of last year than perhaps any other standard issue which could be named.

The report that a Boston capitalist had acquired a considerable interest in Southern Railway common was regarded as a very natural recognition of the merits of one of the most attractive of low price issues. The same capitalist had gone into another property at a time when it made capital provision for its future development such as Southern Railway is now making, and in that case his investment proved to be a very profitable

There was a report about some changes in the Reading pool, to the effect that some of the members had got out through a private arrangement, and that the holdings thus taken over were in process of liquidation This story was doubted in most quarters, and in not a few places the belief was expressed that Reading had reached a level where it was not particularly dear on its

earnings. In the belief that a large number of stop orders could be caught in Smelters, that stock was hammered vigorously, but without uncovering any such volume as had been anticipated, and toward the close the price

probably be held up so as to make the offering of convertible bonds at par look attractive.

FINANCIAL.

FINANCIAL,

\$527,000.00

Fifty-Year Six Per Cent. Sinking Fund Gold Bonds.

Principal and interest payable at the office of the

KNICKERBOCKER TRUST COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY, Trustee.

Dated, December 1, 1905.

Due December 1, 1955.

FINANCIAL.

Interest payable June 1st and December 1st.

The Sierra Madre Land and Lumber Co.

offers for sale, at 981/2 and accrued interest, \$527,000 of the above bonds, they being the remainder of a \$3,000,000 bond Issue authorized November 18, 1905, the balance of the Issue, \$2,473,000, having been already sold at par.

The Sierra Madre Land and Lumber Company owns in fee 2,315,000 acres of land situated in western Chihuahua and eastern Sonora, in the Republic of Mexico, having a stumpage of 18,520,000,000 feet of the best quality of yellow and white pine lumber. This stumpage, based on a value of \$3.00 per thousand, being 50% of the average market value of corresponding stumpage in the lumber regions of Texas, Minnesota, Wisconsin, Washington and California, has a minimum value of \$55,580,000, independent of the value of the land itself, a large portion of which is exceedingly fertile agricultural land, well-watered by numerous streams, capable of producing all kinds of agricultural products and enjoying one of the best climates

The Company is installing mills with a capacity for cutting 500,000 feet of lumber per day. There is a ready market tributary to this tract for three times that amount of lumber, which market the Company, owing to its great advantage in freight haul, can supply at a large profit and at a lower cost than any competing lumber region. Lumber can be delivered at El Paso, at which point it connects with seven trunk lines, at a net profit of \$10.00 per thousand feet.

The proceeds of the present bond offering will be used for the construction of thirty-two miles of logging road and for working capital for the Company. This road is now actively under way and will be completed within ninety days.

Titles to all of the Company's property are direct from the Mexican Government to the Company, and are perfect.

The Greene Consolidated Copper Company owns 51% of the capital stock of The Sierra Madre Land and Lumber Company and elects its board of directors and officers and controls its operations

The low amount of the bond issue—this being the only incumbrance upon the property, it being free from all floating debt, mortgages, etc.-gives absolute security to these bonds and their long life makes them peculiarly desirable for executors of estates, trustees and other investment purposes.

Full details of the bond issue, copy of Deed of Trust, description of the property, etc., will be mailed upon application at the Company's offices, 24 Broad St., Certified check for 5% of the amount subscribed for must accompany subscrip-

tion; balance payable as soon as engraved bonds are ready for delivery by the American Bank Note Company, which will be not later than March 1st.

Subscriptions will be received up to twelve e'clock, noon, of Wednesday, February 28, 1906, at the offices of the Company, 24 Broad St., New York, and by W. N. COLER & CO., 59 Cedar St., New York.

W. B. McKEAND & CO., The Rookery, Chicago, Ills. MYRON M. PARKER, 1418 F St., N. W., Washington, D. C.

The Sierra Madre Land and Lumber Co. W. C. GREENE, President.

PLAN FOR THE PURCHASE OF 320,000 SHARES OF THE COMMON CAPITAL STOCK OF THE PHILA-DELPHIA COMPANY BY THE UNITED RAILWAYS INVESTMENT COMPANY OF SAN FRANCISCO.

The United Railways Investment Company of San Francisco has now an issued capital of:

On January 31, 1906, the stockholders authorized an increase of the Common Capital Stock of that Company of \$15,000,000, giving the Investment Company an authorized Common Capital Stock of

n accordance with the terms and conditions of a certain Proposition, on file with the Depositary mentioned below, the Investment Company offers to purchase \$20,000 shares of the Common Capital Stock of the Philadelphia Company for \$12,000,000 of the First Lien Collateral Trust Sinking Fund 5% Gold Bonds and \$6,400,000 of the Common Capital Stock of the Investment Company.

The bonds are to be secured, on the basis of \$37.50 of bonds for each share of stock acquired, by a

first lien upon the stock of the Philadelphia Company purchased under this plan. In order that the bonds may be tax free under the laws of Pennsylvania, suitable provision is to be made in the trust agreement securing the same, for the investment Company to reimburse any Pennsylvania holder for any tax (other than Inheritance or Succession tax), which legally he may be obliged to pay on said bonds. The Collateral Trust Agreement is to provide that, while and so long as any of said bonds shall issued and outstanding, the Investment Company will not mortgage or hypothecate any of the shares of preferred or common stock of the United Railroads of San Francisco now owned by it. Under the Proposition each share of Philadelphia Company Common Stock (of the par value of

\$50) included in such \$20,000 shares, is to be paid at the following rate:

Under arrangements with Messrs. Ladenburg. Thalmann & Company, set forth in the said Proposition, a Syndicate has been formed to acquire from any depositing Philadelphia Company stockholder, the common stock of the Investment Company so payable to such depositor, at a sum equal to \$95 per share for such Investment Company Common Stock, so that each depositing Philadelphia Company Common Stockholder may receive, under the Proposition, if he prefers, for each such share of Phila-

Each depositing stockholder is to have 30 days from the date upon which 320,000 shares of the Common Capital Stock of the Philadelphia Company have been declared to have been deposited with the Depositary hereinder, as provided in said Proposition, within which to elect to take cash for such lavestment Company Common Stock, as above stated, and to have the fact of such election stamped upon his certificate, as provided in said Proposition, within which to elect to take cash for such larvestment Company must purchase a provided under the Proposition of the stock of each depositor, it is should determine not to parchase all of the stock deposited under said Proposition.

Under arrangements stated in said Proposition, Messrs. Ladenburg, Thalmann & Co. have formed a Bond Syndicate for the purpose of purchasing bonds to be issued under the Proposition, to such an extent as in their discretion they have determined advisable, to secure the completion of the Plan and the promote the interests of the investment Company in connection therewith.

The Proposition is conditional upon approval by the stockholders of the Investment Company, as provided therein.

This plan is not intended as a precise outline or statement of said Proposition. Depositors are referred to the Proposition on file with the Depositary and will be held to be bound by the provisions thereof.

Deposits of stock will be received on and after Tuesday, February the 20th, 1906, and until & classes.

referred to the Proposition on the with the Depositary and with the new to be bound by the protection thereof.

Deposits of stock will be received on and after Tuesday, February the 20th, 1905, and until 3 o'clock P. M. on Tuedsay, February the 27th, 1905, at the following depositaries:

QUARANTEE TRUST & SAFE DEPOSIT COMPANY, 816 Chestinut Street, Philadelphia, Pa.;

COLONIAL TRUST COMPANY, No. 317 Fourth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.;

COLONIAL TRUST COMPANY, No. 25 Broad Streets, Baltimore, Md.;

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, No. 26 Broad Street, New York.

By order of the Board of Directors.

UNITED RAILWAYS INVESTMENT COMPANY OF SAN FRANCISCO,

By M. V. R. WEYANT,

Secretary,

JOHN G. JOHNSON, CHARLES L. ATTERBURY, FRED'K B. VAN VORST,

The following Stockholders of the Philadelphia Company have approved the foregoing plan and agreed to deposit under it the Common Stock of the Philadelphia Company owned by them, and recommend all other Common Stockholders of the Philadelphia Company to deposit thereunder:

THE FINANCE COMPANY OF PENNSYLVANIA.

HENRY J. BOWDOIN.

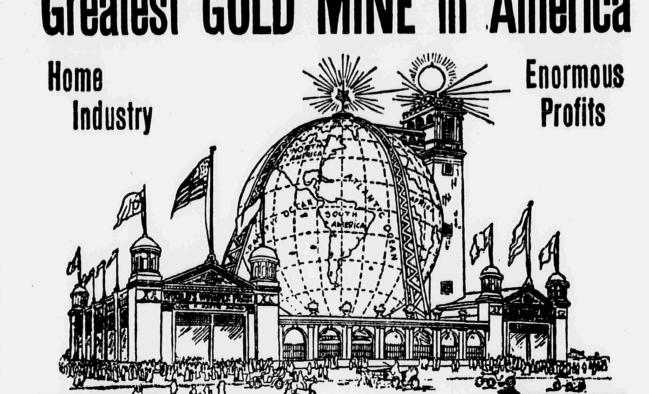
Baltimore.

GLORGE H. EARLE Jr., Philadelphia, J. D. CALLERY. Pittsburg.

PHILADELPHIA PH

Utah Copper Stocks If you desire reliable information write.
Weekly MARKET LETTER free.
WM. H. TIBBALS.

CURB STOCKS Bought and Sold for Cash or Carried on Margin MARKET LETTER sent free on J. THOMAS REINHARDT. Telephone 7438 Cort. 15 WALL ST.



First Allotment Over Subscribed Present indications are that the second allotment will go even

more quickly than the first. This great Globe Tower is a gigantic representation of the earth—the interior is entered by thousands of visitors daily who enjoy the grand tour of the World. The first spectacle of magnitude which will greet the eyes of 25,000,000 visitors at Coney Island and undoubtedly the greatest money making enterprise in

3000 Shares at \$10 a Share

4000 Share Allotment at \$15 a Share 6000 Share Allotment at \$20 a Share 7000 Share Allotment at \$25 a Share

Same Amount of Common Stock FREE will be given with every share of pre-

ESTI-

MATED

DIVIDENDO

AT CONEY ISLAND The enormous profits of this parent com-

pany will come not from one resort alone but from Revere Beach, Coney Island, ourchased. We cannot guarantee this Bonus beyond Present Allot-Atlantic City and wherever the giant revolving globe is erected with its myriads of electric light-

Low capitalization and enormous earning capacity mean-large dividends to stockholders. Make sure—Purchase shares

NEW YORK CITY ANNUALLY ON

St. James Building, 1135 Broadway Bankers and Brokers

L. E. PIKE & CO. IZATION THE FIRST YEAR

You Can Earn 8 Per Cent Now-

Frank Siddalls Soap

The company is managed by men of high standing and integrity in the commercial world; this in itself makes the investment as safe as any bank and pays 5 per cent more. Besides, there is the certainty of your stock greatly increasing in value.

by filling out this coupon, and be in time for next dividend. payable this month. GENTLEMEN: Please send me

particulars regarding your offer "The Sun," Address FRANK SIDDALLS SOAP CO., OFFICE-Land Title Bulleting

THE DEAL IN COPPERS;

also the TRACTION MERGER: CONGRESSIONAL ATTITUDE TOWARD THE RAILWAYS: "What's doing in LEAD AND SMELTERS, all entertainingly analyzed and discussed in our "MARKET REVIEW," issued Monday and MAILED FREE ON APPLICATION. IT WILL GIVE YOU A LINE UPON THE PROBABLE IMMEDIATE MARKET MOVEMENTS OF THESE SECURITIES! Orders executed, FRACTIONAL LOTS OR ROUND AMOUNTS. STOCKS. GRAIN, COTTON.

It is to your advantage to keep your speculative or investment account with

JOHN A. BOARDMAN & CO., Bankers & Brokers, 53 BROADWAY.

Uptown Branch Offices: { 29 West 42d St. and Alpine Bldg., 1286 B'way, Cor. 33d St. Main Office: 415-417 Walnut St., Phila.

SCARCE MONEY VERSUS SCARCER STOCKS is the subject of Mr. Carsten Boe's column

there Frank Siddalls soap has been made for a

in this Sunday's New York Herald. "SOUTHERN RAILWAY," BASH," "ERIE" AND "MERCANTILE MARINE" are special subjects of discussion. Easier money to result from sale of

bonds abroad and to the interior we consider a certainty. We give information and advice—not ps. We are especially optimistic on the future outlook for securities, both as regards situation and manipulation. Just now we hear of a very important

profitable advance to take place. No coal strike will take place, in our opinion. All are too satisfied. Our daily letters of advice cost only \$15 per month, and we claim that no serious investor or speculator can afford to do without them. All you risk is to try them for a month, and, if not satisfactory, to stop. Never continue a losing Make all remittances to

CARSTEN BOE, TREASURER, SPECULATORS' BUREAU, 20 BROAD ST.

MEXICO. anticipated, and toward the close the price recovered easily.

Atchison seemed to find good support at 89, and the comment was that the price would showing 600% profit to our investors. The gold values in our new property run even higher. Write for particulars. No investor should miss this

MAKEEVER BROS., 42IBROADWAY, N. T.

DO NOT INVEST IN

SPECIAL MARKET LETTER IT IS THE SAFEST CUIDE FOR INVESTORS

I have a special representative on the ground very minute watching developments, and can ell you in which stocks to invest and which to yold. Send for it to-day. It means money to Q. S. JOHNSON, Broker,

Gold field, Nevada

AND THE CARELESS INVESTOR" Being a booklet of Common Sense Talks on min-ing which will help the investor to find for him-self the way to dividends. Regular price 25c. Free copy to those who mention this paper. Write to-day.

356 Railway Exchange Bldg. Denver, Colo 7% HYDRO ELECTRIC POWER BONDS

7% HVDRO ELECTRIC POWER BONDS.
\$100,000 00 7% lifteen year gold bonds. Denomination \$1,000.00 each. Secured by general mortgage on all properties of the East Argentine Tunnel, Mining, Milling, Power and Transportation Company, Georgetown, Colorado, and dated January 15th. 1908. Coupons payable June 15th and January 15th at the Bank of Georgetown, Georgetown, Colorado, and at the Kounize Bank, New York city. The above mining and power company has started to install a water driven electric power plant for the sale of Four Thousand Horse Power. It has a market waiting for its product at good prices and offers these Bonds at par value. Subscriptions received by the Bank of Georgetown, Georgetown, Colorado.

MARSHALL ELLIS & CO.,

MANUFACTURING Proposition. Staple article, Stock now 25c. for increasing the business. Easily a 12% investment, send for details. GEYSERITE MFG. CO., Denver, Co.

AAAAAAA ARE you interested in mining in the New Camps at Manhattan, Bullfrog, Goldfield and Tonopah, Nevada. We have informa-tion which will be furnished to our clients free. Our offices are centrally located in the most desirable block in New York. Write for our new map, which will be executed on all the exchanges. JAMES FRANCIS LESTER, Dept. C., Suite 508-509-510, 41 and 43 Wall St. Tele-

phones 1002-1003 Broad. LEGAL NOTICES. CIRCUIT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, Henry B. Snyder DeForest Wireless Telegraph Company, American DeForest Wireless Telegraph Company and Atlantic DeForest Wireless Company.

MENT

ENTERPRISES

HAVE PAID

ENTIRE CAPITAL

If you do not believe in the future of the recent

est gold discoveries in Southern Nevada, don't

read this advertisement, but if such tangible proof

as upwards of \$10,000,000 invested by Charles

M. Schwab and associates in Southern Nevada

during the past six months is satisfactory evidence

to you, investigate without delay THE PITTS-

BURGH BULLFROG MINING CORPORATION

LTD., which presents an opportunity heretofore

The Pittsburgh Builfrog Mining Corporation

Ltd., 1202s Peoples Building, Pittsburgh, Pa.

inapproached in this now famous gold camp. Full

FORTUNES

And now comes the complainant in the aboveentitled action and says:
That the matters alleged in the said bill are true,
so far as alleged of his own knowledge, and that
as to matters alleged upon information and belief he believes them to be true; that necessity
exists for the immediate appointment of a receiver
for the reasons seen out in the said bill, and for
other reasons, as appears by affidavit submitted
herewith. other reasons, as appears by herewith.

Wherefore, he prays that a receiver or receivers, may be appointed at once in accordance with the prayer of the said bill.

HENRY B. SNYDER,
By JAS. A. ALLEN, his attorney.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT.

District of Maine.

In Equity. Sept. T. 1905. No. 608.

Henry B. Snyder

V. Sept. T. 1905. No. 608.

Henry B. Snyder

V. S. DeForest Wireless Telegraph Company
American DeForest Wireless Telegraph Company
American DeForest Wireless Telegraph Company
American DeForest Wireless Telegraph Company
An D. 1905, it is Ordered: that all parties concerned
may appear on Monday, the nineteenth inst., at
two (2) o'clock in the afternoon, and show cause
why a receiver or receivers should not be appointed
as asked for.

It is further ordered that copies of the motion
and of this order, duly certified by the Clerk, be
served on Millard W. Baldwin, Clerk of sald Respondent corporations, on or before the fifteenth
instant, by the Marshal or Deputy Marshal, within
and for this District,
And it is forther ordered that such copies be
published at least twice, on or before the nineteenth
instant, in the Daily Eastern Argus and the New
York Daily Sun.

By the Court, JAMES E. HEWEY, Clerk.

A true copy of motion for appointment of Recever and order of Court thereon. Attest: JAMES E. HEWEY, Clerk.

DIVIDENDS AND INTEREST. Rubber Goods Manufacturing Company.

The Directors have this day declared the twentyeighth Regular Quarterly Dividend of one and threequarters per cent. (194%) on the Preferred Shares
out of earnings, payable March 15th, 1908, to all
stockholders of record on March 10th, 1908, to all
stockholders of record on March 10th, 1908, at \$
o'clock P. M.
Checks will be mailed to registered addresses.
New York, February 16th, 1908.

JAMES McGUFFOG, Assistant Treasurer.

BUSINESS CHANCES. A BUSINESS MAN of great experience, favorably known in mercantile circles for many years, has incorporated his firm's name—desires the services of a gentleman with from \$5,000 to \$10,000 to ex-

send the business. Address E., P. O. box 672. RESPONSIBLE PARTY wanted with \$25,000 to manage established branch of corporation operating plants in four States. Address NELSON CHBSMAN, Temple Court, New York city.